# **PROBLEM STATEMENT**

Two-view stereo estimates a **dense** depth map for images using two views of a single scene.

The depth of a pixel is a function of its horizontal shift between both images: the **disparity**.

When only two views are available, occlusions form a big issue: near boundaries, background pixels are often invisible in many views. Methods should take this into account for more accurate disparity estimation.

A camera moving along a **camera dolly** or over a track results in a series of vantage points along a linear line. This is limited to **static scenes** because sampling is also done through time, but allows the use of a standard camera. **Proposed** approach **Proposed approach** "Variational Light Field Analysis for Disparity Estimation and Super-Resolution," Wanner et al. PAMI '14

Disparity and depth estimation from **plenoptic cameras**: a single lens but multiple sensors in a regular grid means a grid of simultaneous vantage points. Plenoptic cameras can capture **dynamic scenes**, but often have **limited resolution**. Plenoptic cameras capture a 2D array of views, but the displayed results only used the central row of views The extension to a 2D grid of views is imme-

diate.

Simon Donné is a PhD student affiliated with the TELIN department at Ghent University, at the research group "Image Processing and Interpretation" (IPI). His research focuses on multi-view camera algorithms, specifically on depth estimation and scene reconstruction.













# Variational Multi-Image Stereo Matching Simon Donné, Bart Goossens, Jan Aelterman, Wilfried Philips

### **APPLICATIONS AND RESULTS**

## **PROPOSED APPROACH**





In the **iterative optimisation**, we alternate between an update step for the disparity estimation and the detection of occlusion based on the current depth

The disparity estimation is regularised through a total variation scheme, steered by a bilateral filter to preserve edges, explicitly limiting the optimisation of each pixel to views that can observe it.









Simon Donné, IPI research group St.-Pietersnieuwstraat 41, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium