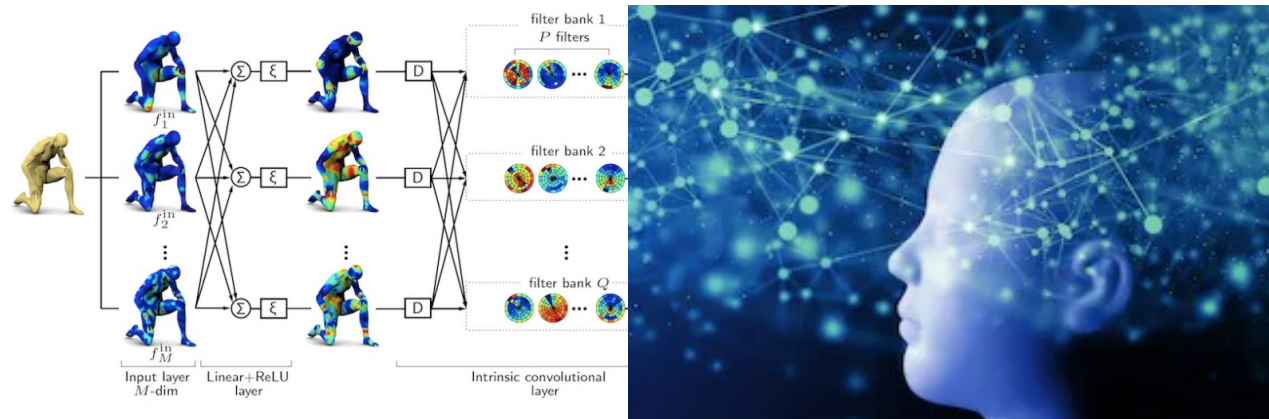


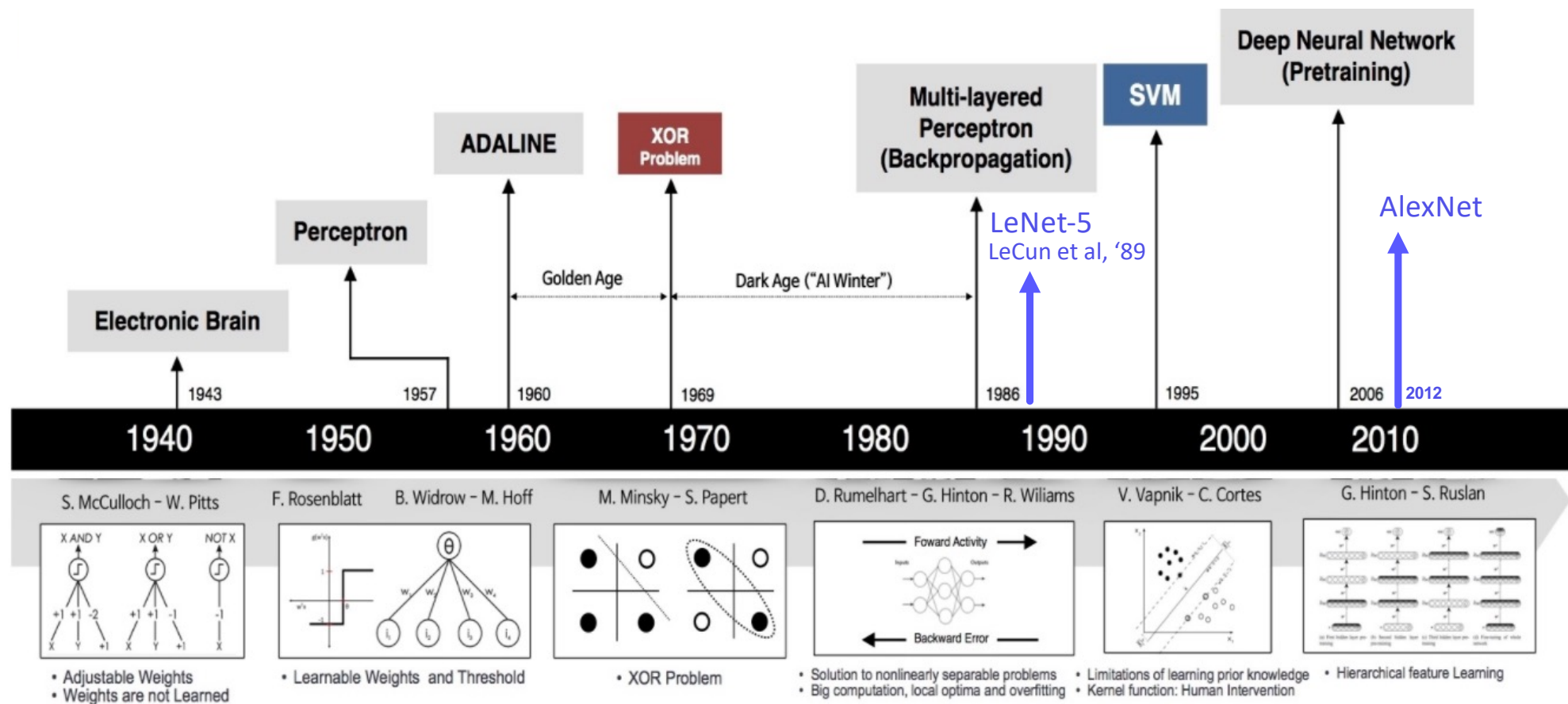
E016712: Computer Graphics

Deep Learning in Computer Graphics



Lecturers: Aleksandra Pizurica and Danilo Babin

Some milestones in the history of deep learning

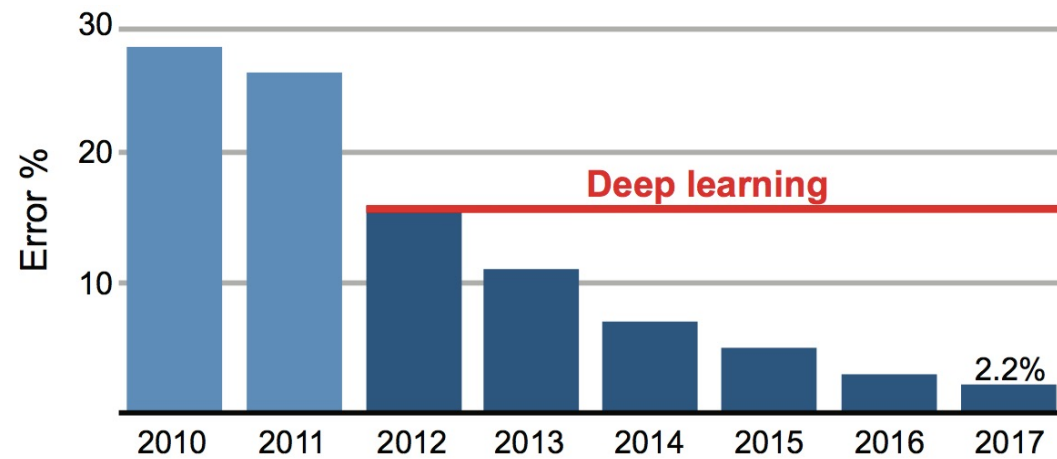


Progress of deep learning

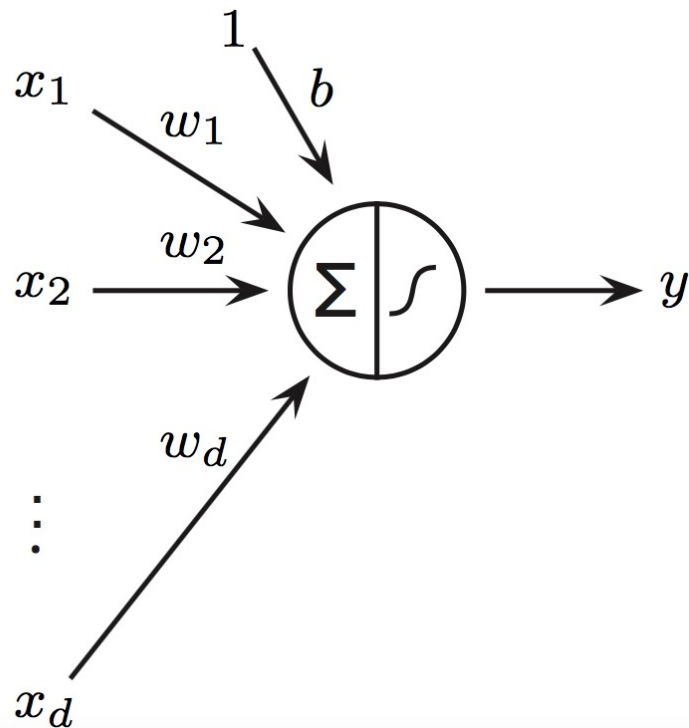
IMAGENET



Top 5 classification accuracy

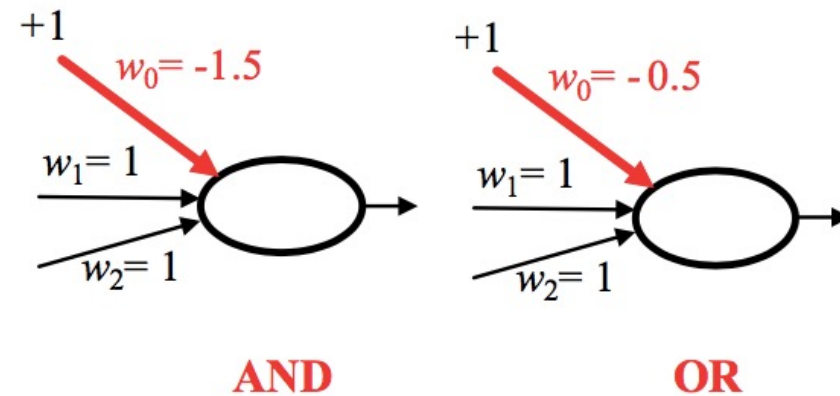


Beginnings of artificial neural networks



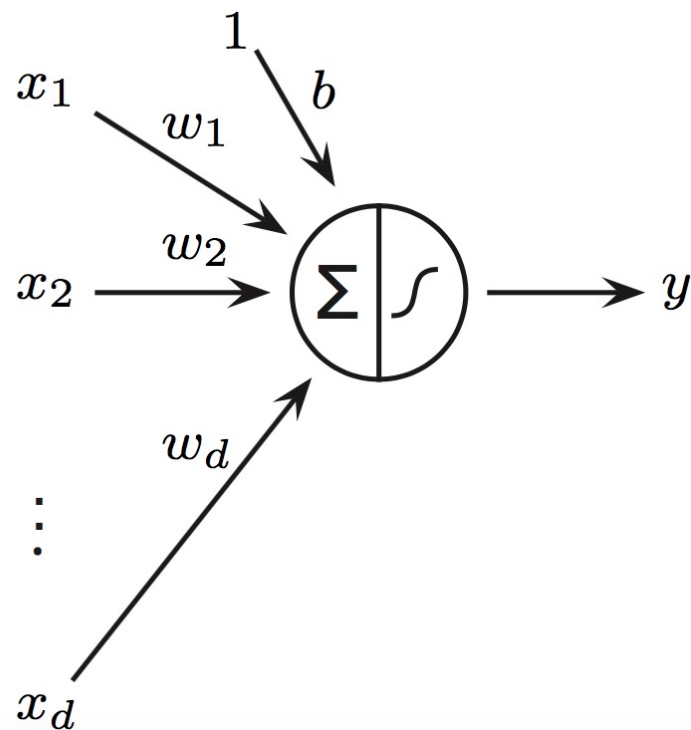
McCulloch-Pitts neuron, 1943

Adjustable weights lead to different operations



Any Boolean function can be implemented as a network of these elements

Perceptron

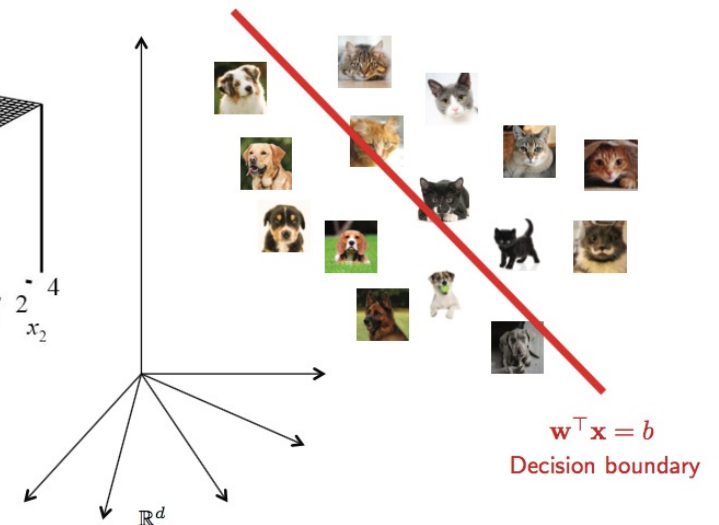
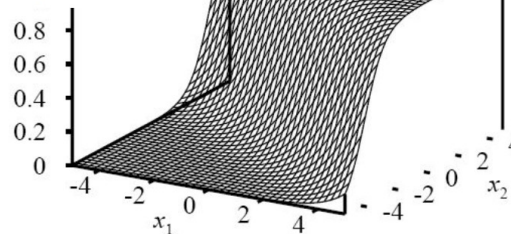


McCulloch-Pitts neuron, 1943

Rosenblatt, 1958

Learning weights (from samples of linearly separable classes)

Perceptron output



Linear layer

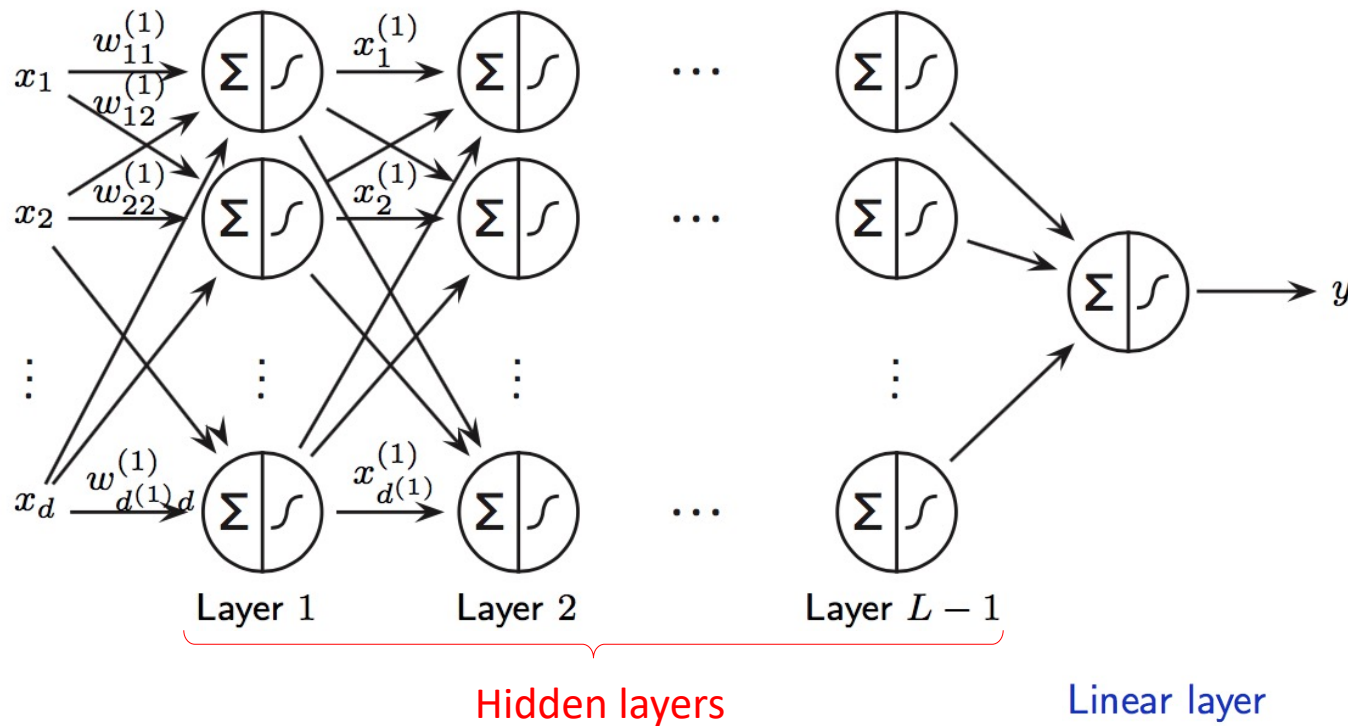
$$y = \xi \left(\sum_{\ell=0}^d w_{\ell} x_{\ell} \right)$$

Activation, e.g. $\xi(x) = \tanh(x)$

Parameters

layer weights $\mathbf{w} = (b, w_1, \dots, w_d)$, including bias

Multilayer neural networks



Linear layer

$$x_{\ell'}^{(l+1)} = \xi \left(\sum_{\ell=0}^{d^{(l)}} w_{\ell'\ell}^{(l+1)} x_{\ell}^{(l)} \right)$$

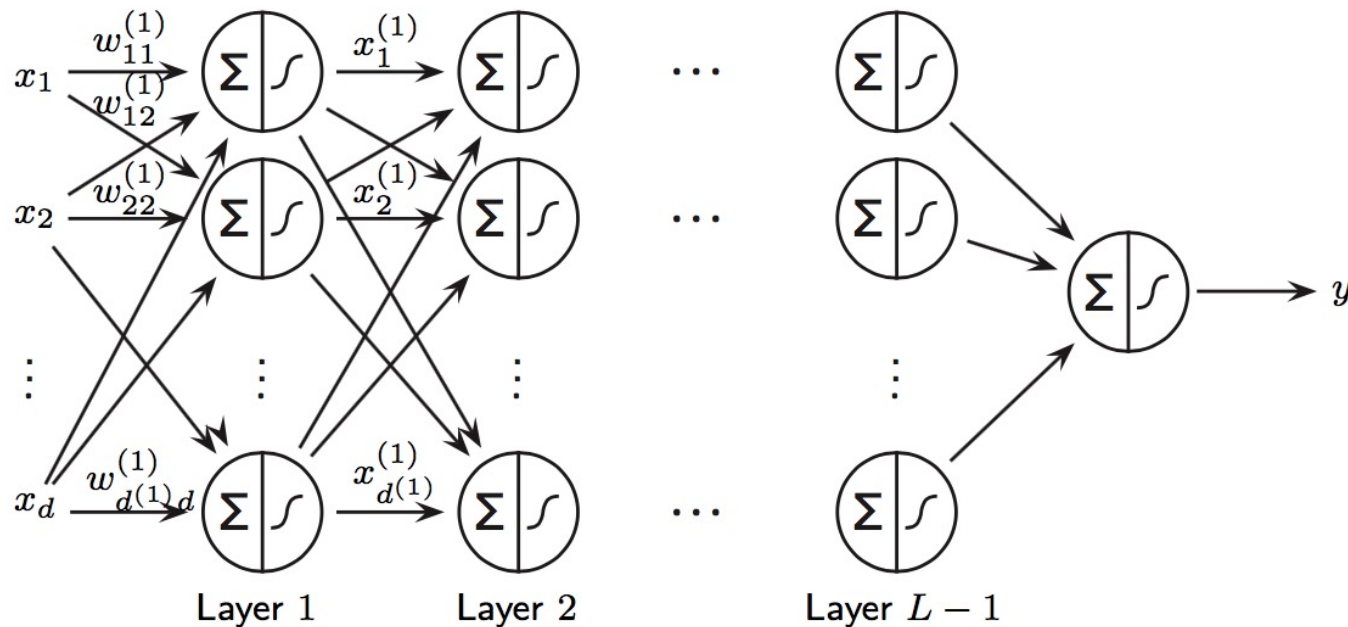
Activation, e.g.

$$\xi(x) = \tanh(x)$$

Parameters

$$\text{layer weights } \mathbf{W}^{(l+1)} \in \mathbb{R}^{d^{(l+1)} \times d^{(l)}}$$

Multilayer neural networks

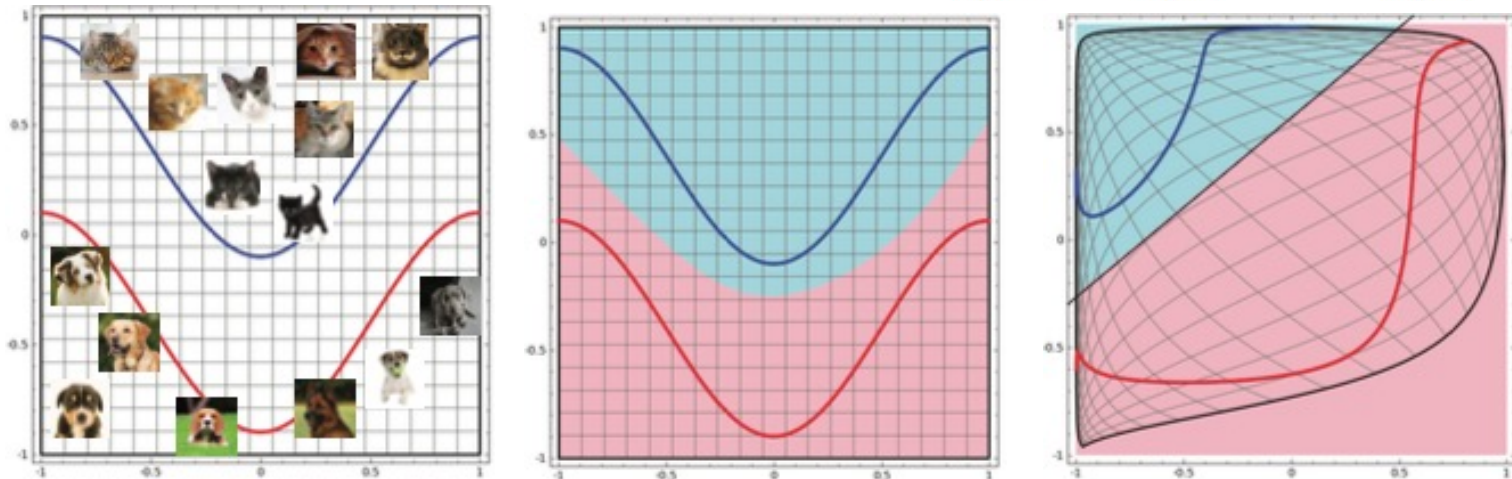
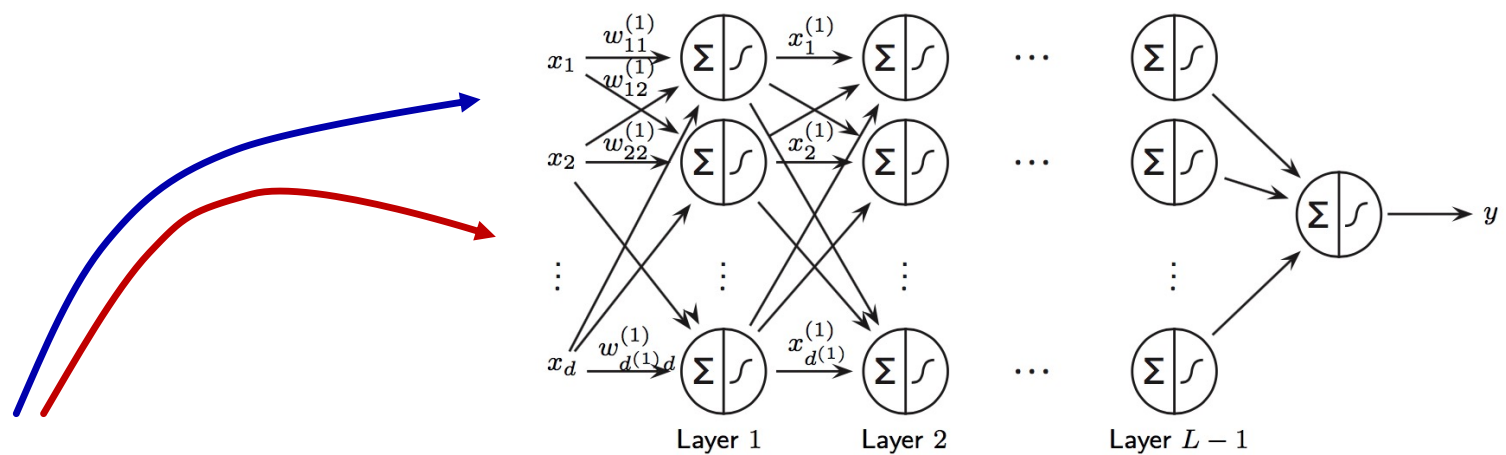


Linear layer $\mathbf{x}^{(l+1)} = \xi(\mathbf{W}^{(l+1)} \mathbf{x}^{(l)})$

Activation, e.g. $\xi(x) = \tanh(x)$

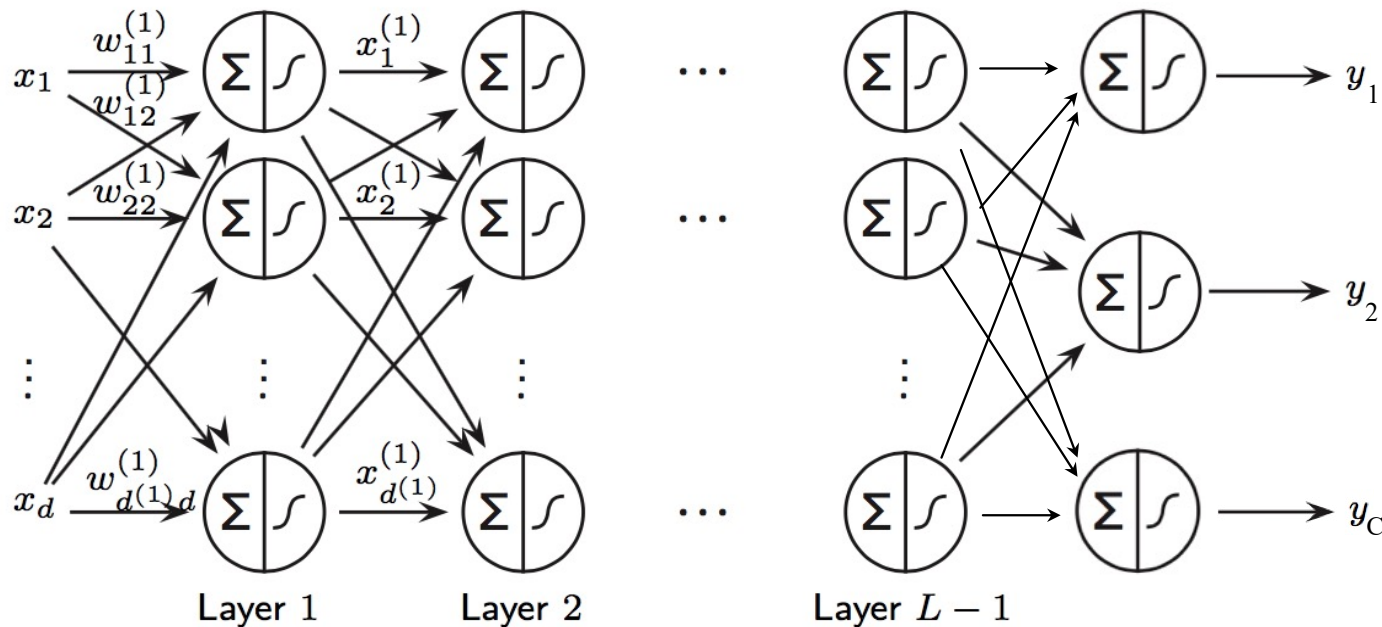
Parameters layer weights $\mathbf{W}^{(l+1)} \in \mathbb{R}^{d^{(l+1)} \times d^{(l)}}$

Multilayer neural networks



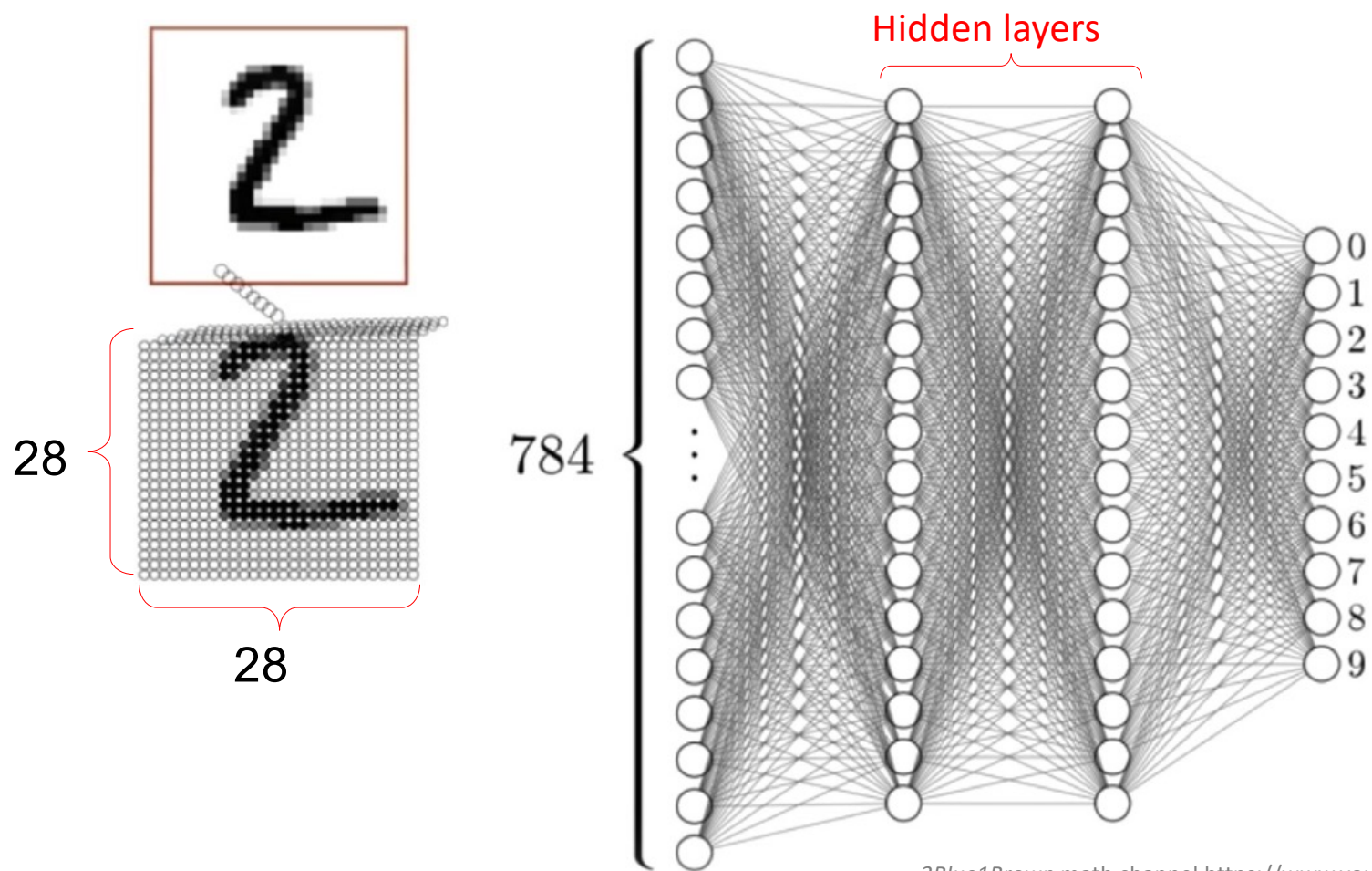
A multi-layer neural net can distort the input space to make the classes of data linearly separable.

In general: multiple outputs



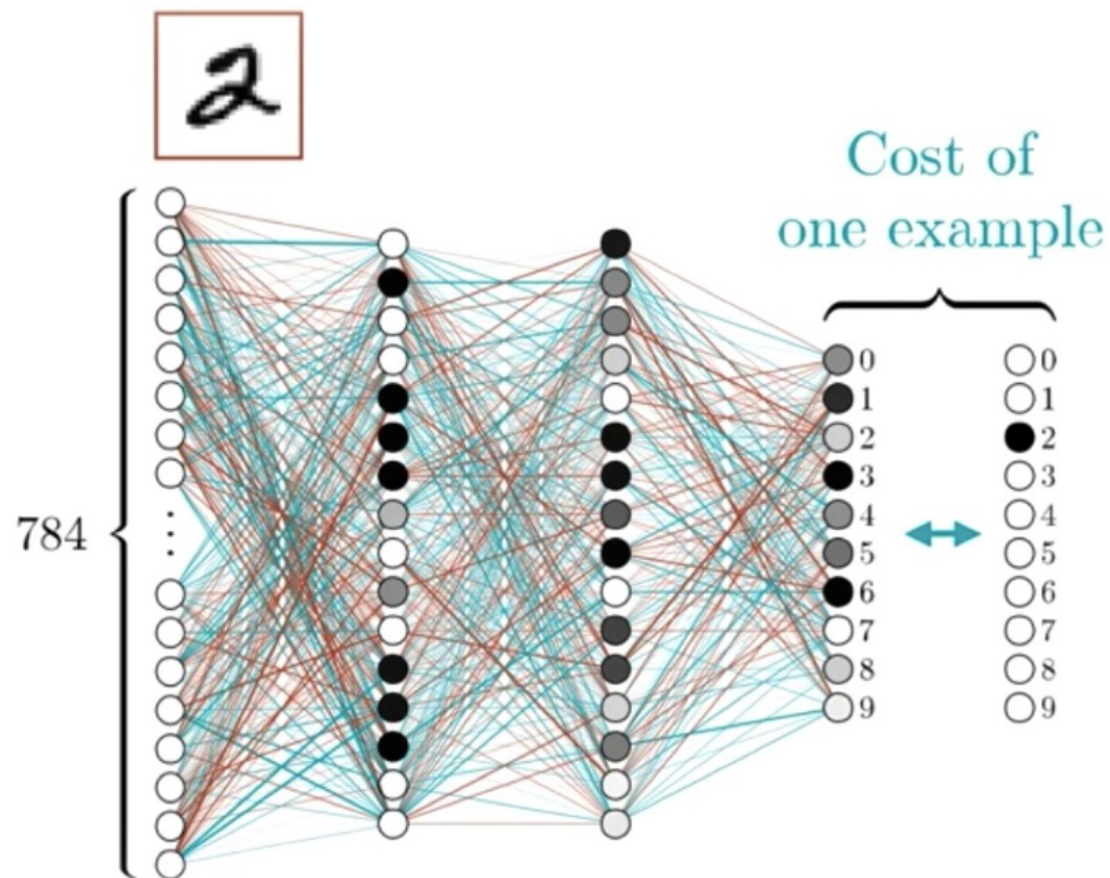
Multi-class classification: each output gives a score indicating confidence that the input $[x_1 \dots x_d]$ belongs to a particular class $c \in \{1 \dots C\}$.

Example: Digit classification



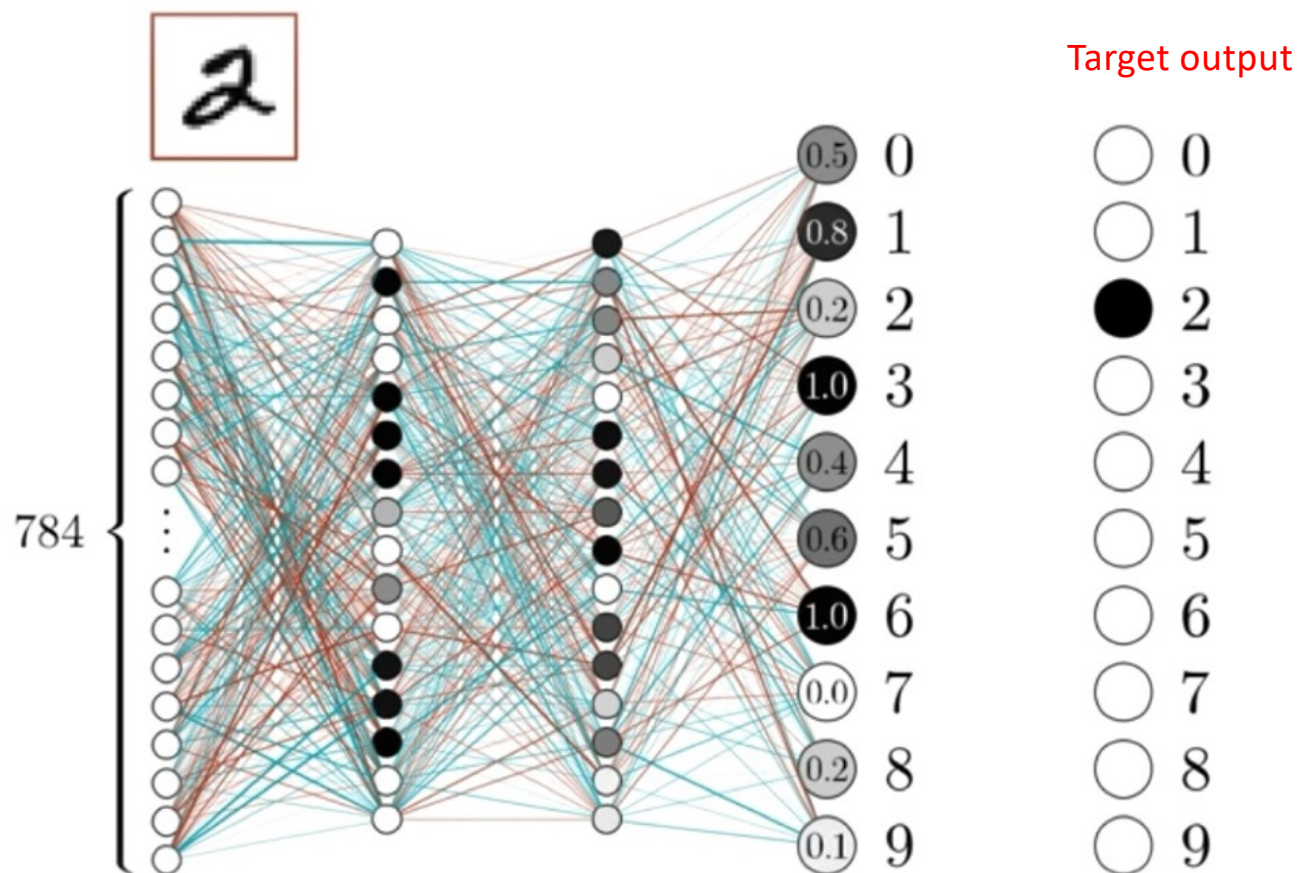
3Blue1Brown math channel <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ilg3gGewQ5U>

Example: Example: Digit classification



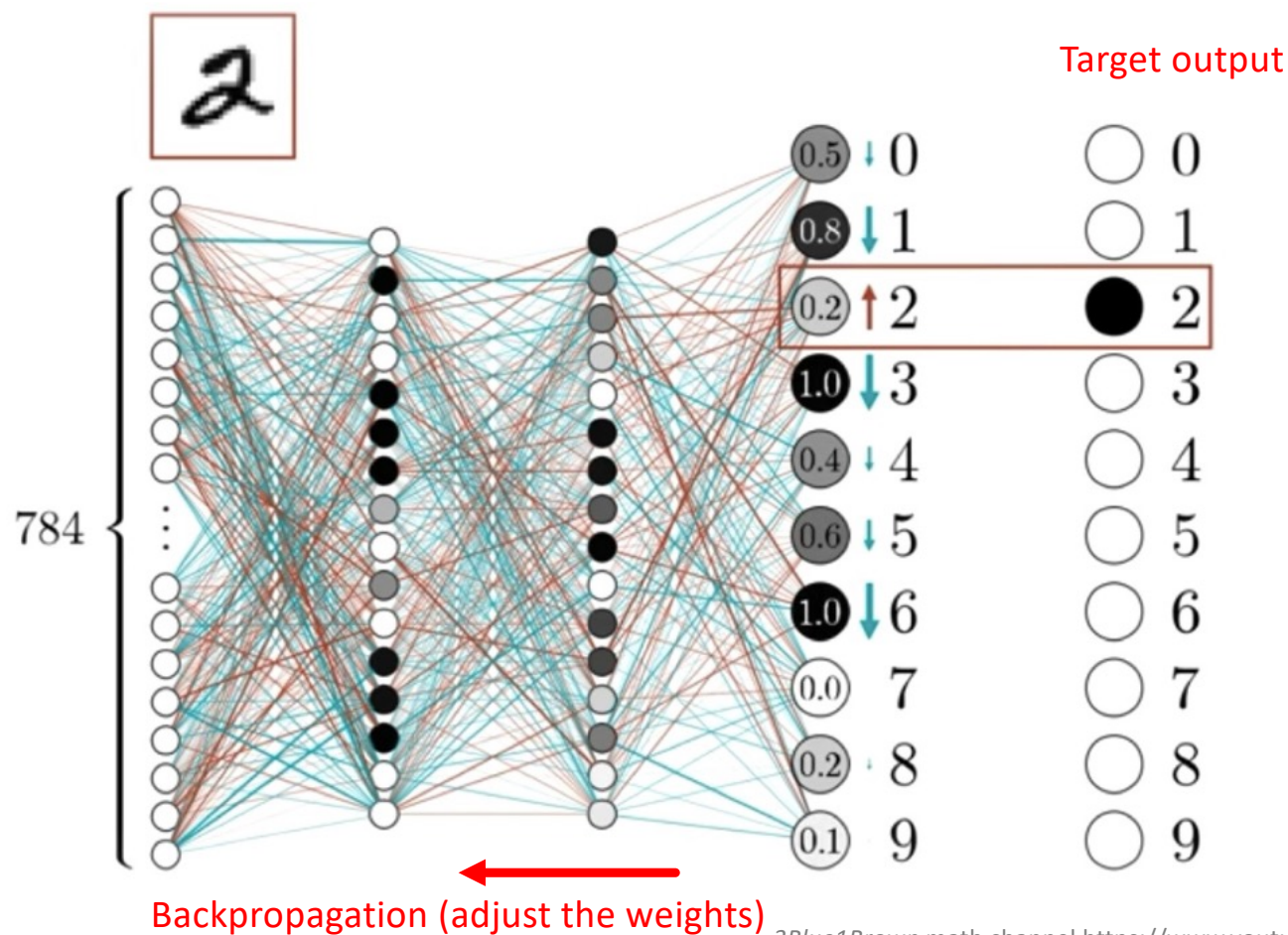
3Blue1Brown math channel <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ilg3gGewQ5U>

Example: Example: Digit classification



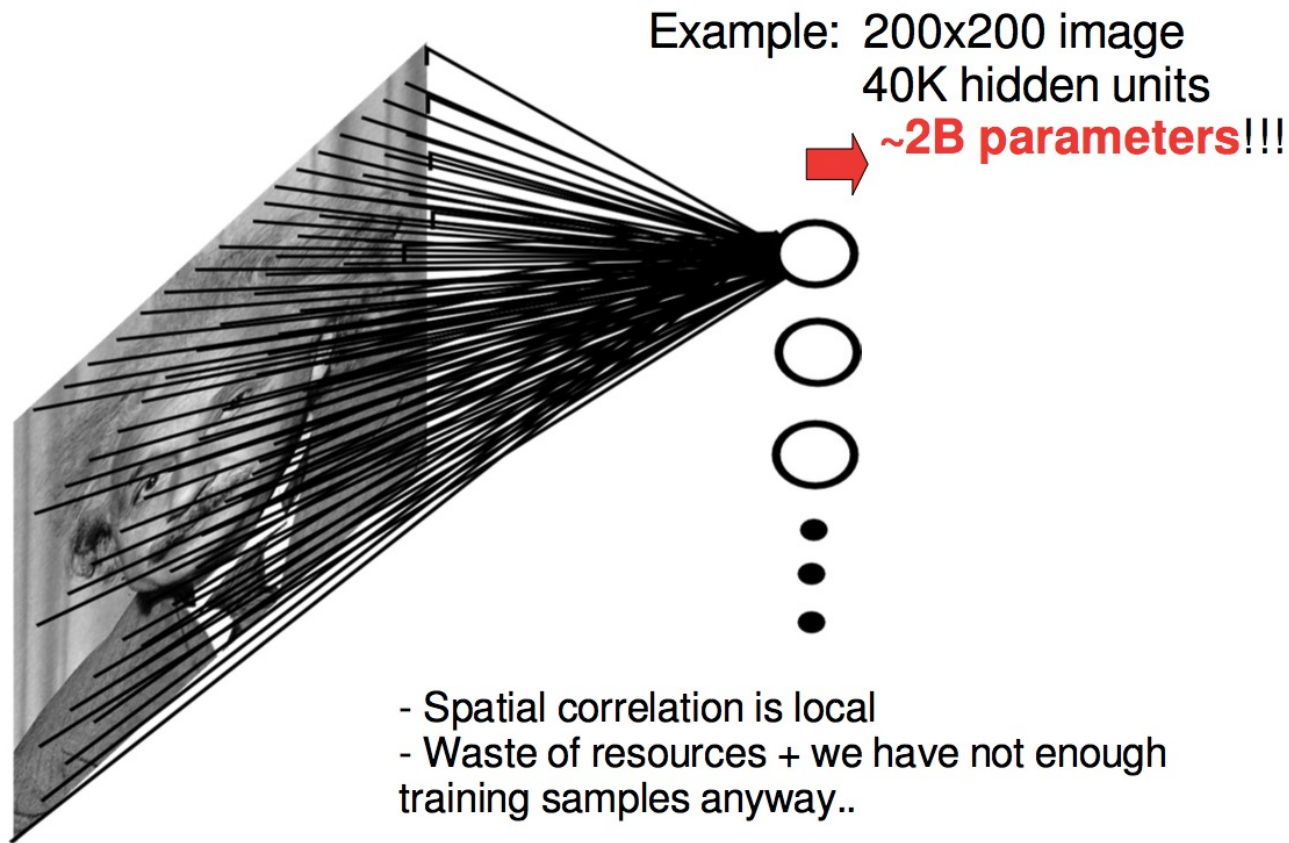
3Blue1Brown math channel <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ilg3gGewQ5U>

Example: Example: Digit classification



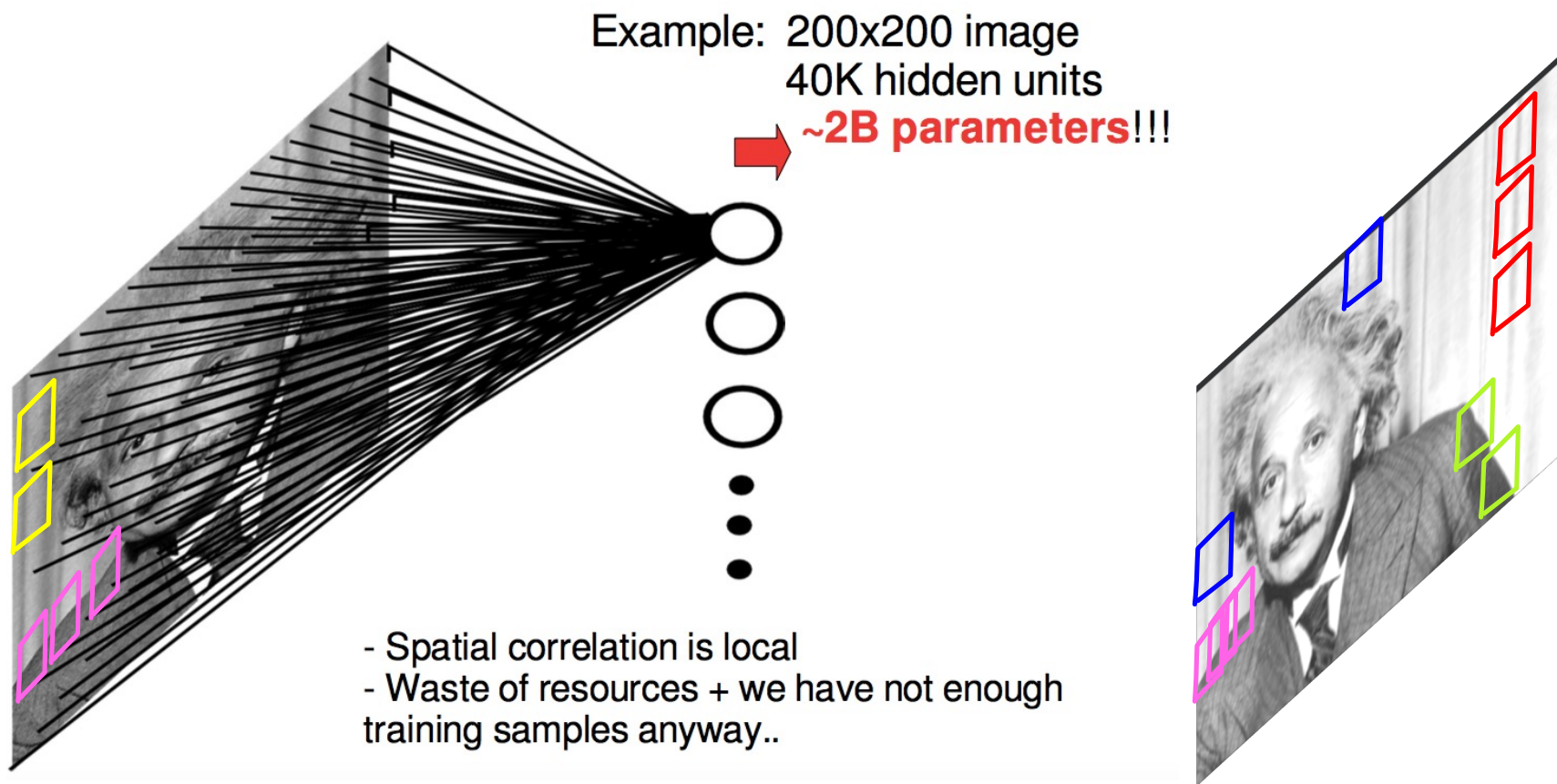
3Blue1Brown math channel <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ilg3gGewQ5U>

Fully connected layer



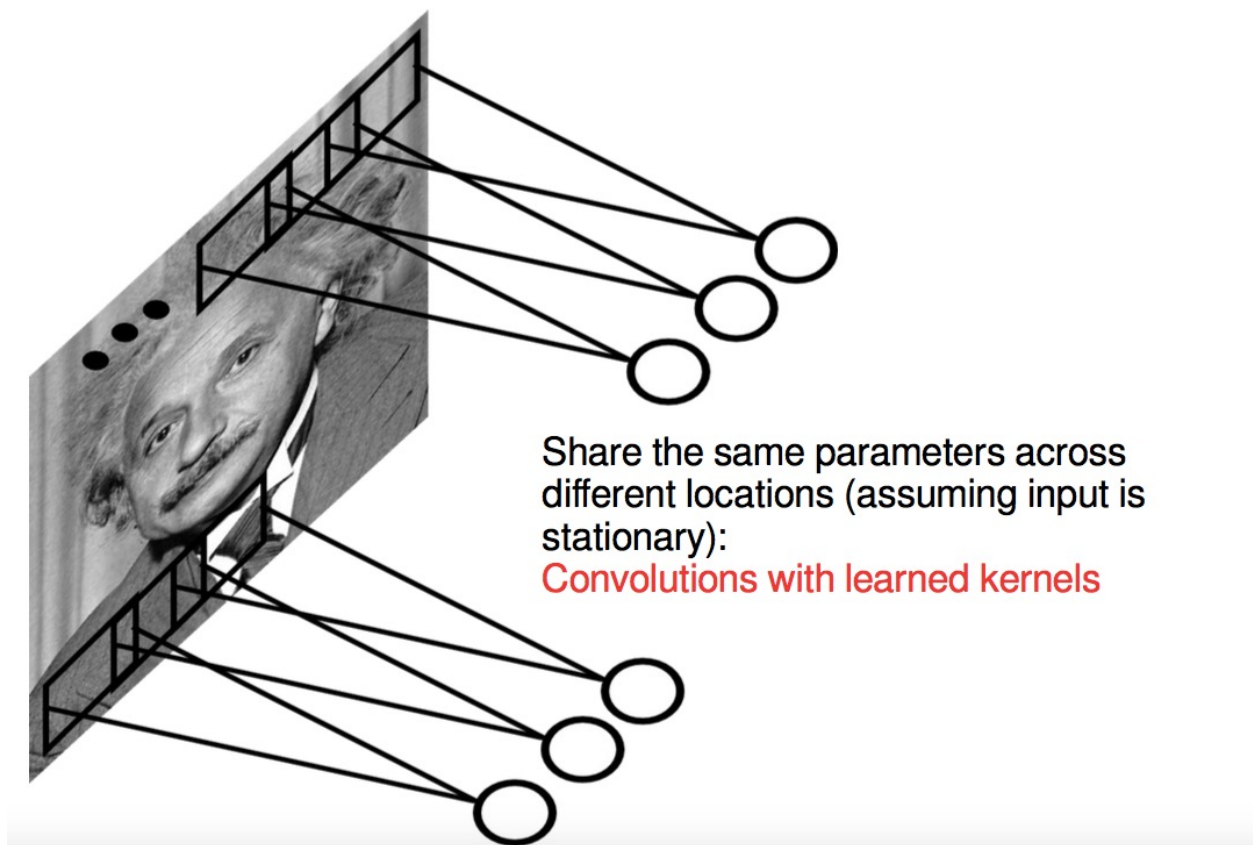
M. Ranzato (Facebook A.I. research): Image Classification with Deep Learning, 2015.

Alternatives to fully connected layer?



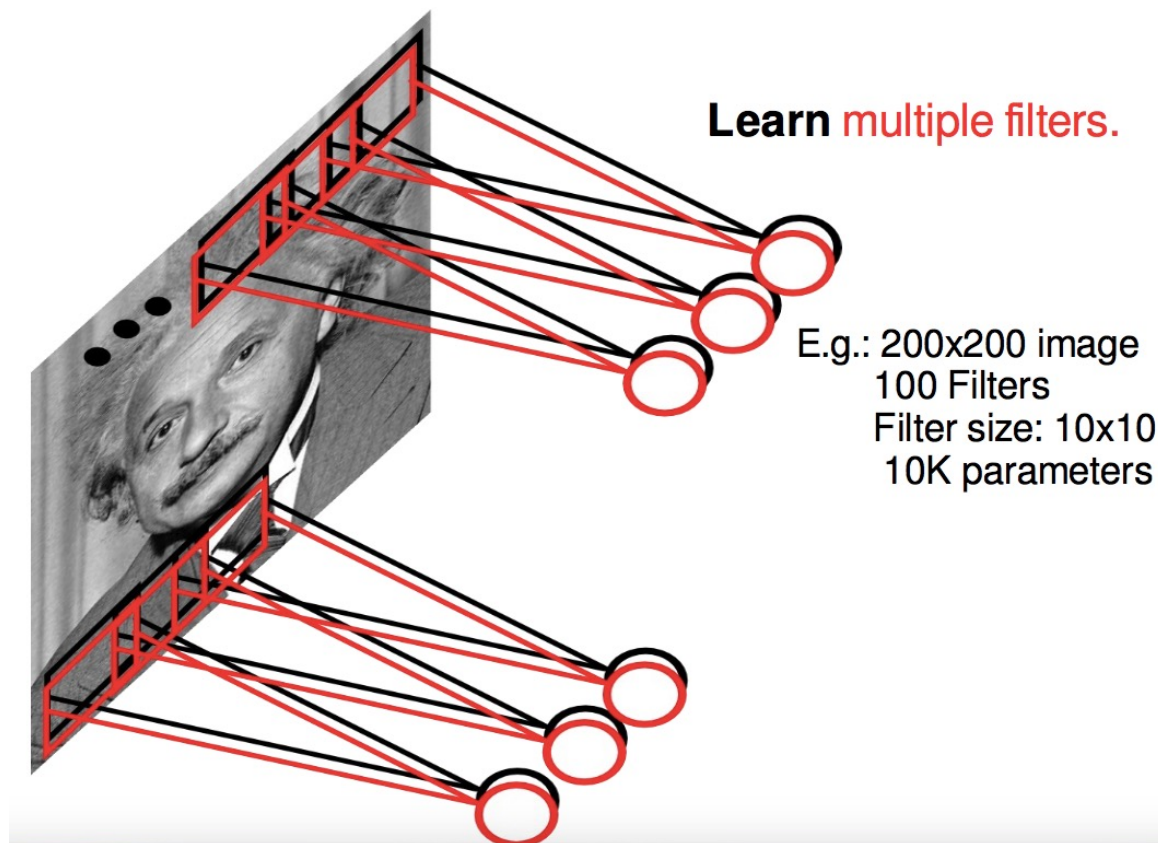
Observe re-appearing spatial structures

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) - idea



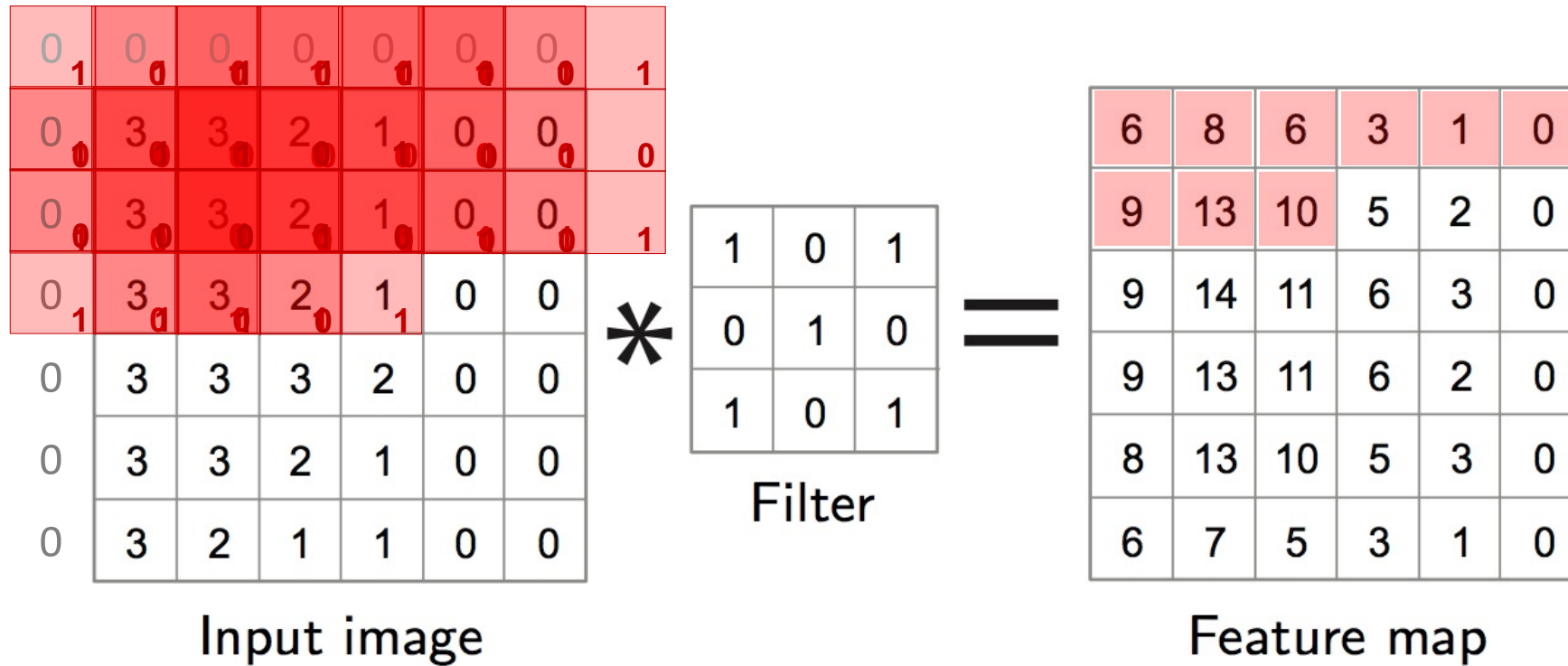
M. Ranzato (Facebook A.I. research): Image Classification with Deep Learning, 2015.

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN) - idea

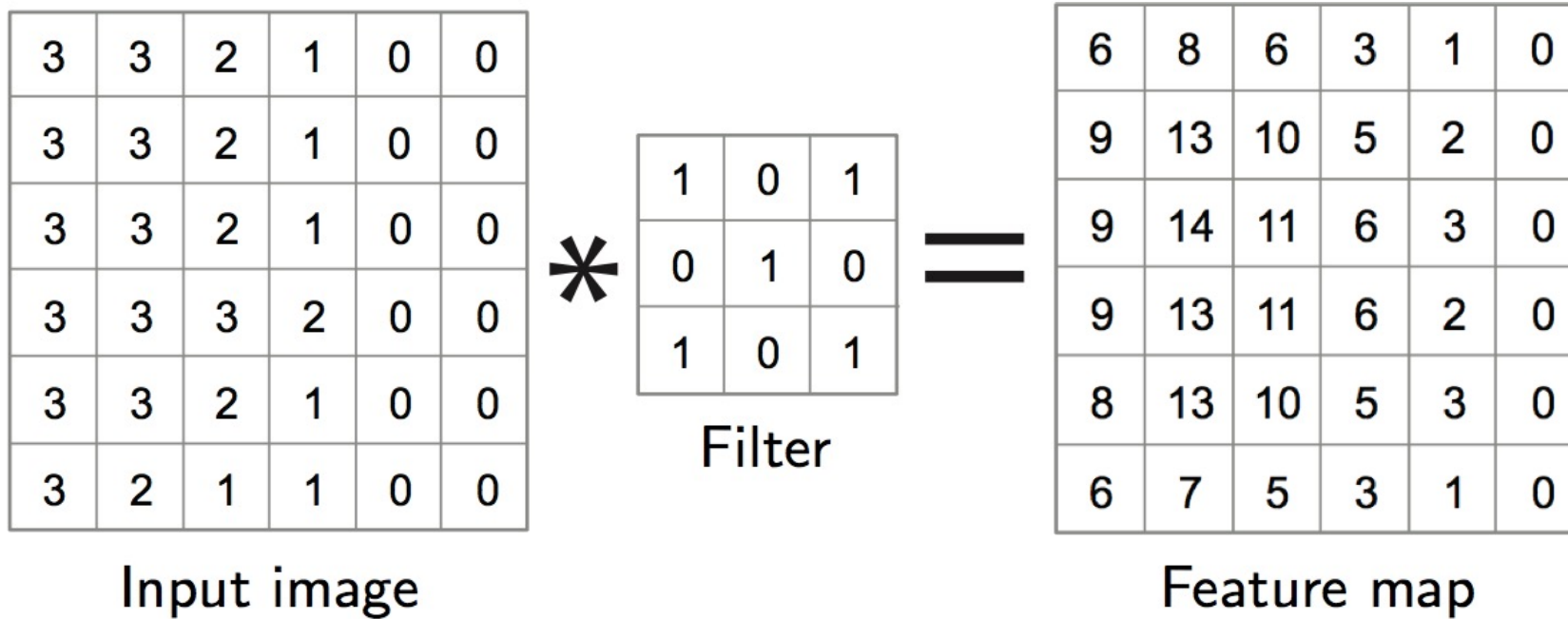


M. Ranzato (Facebook A.I. research): Image Classification with Deep Learning, 2015.

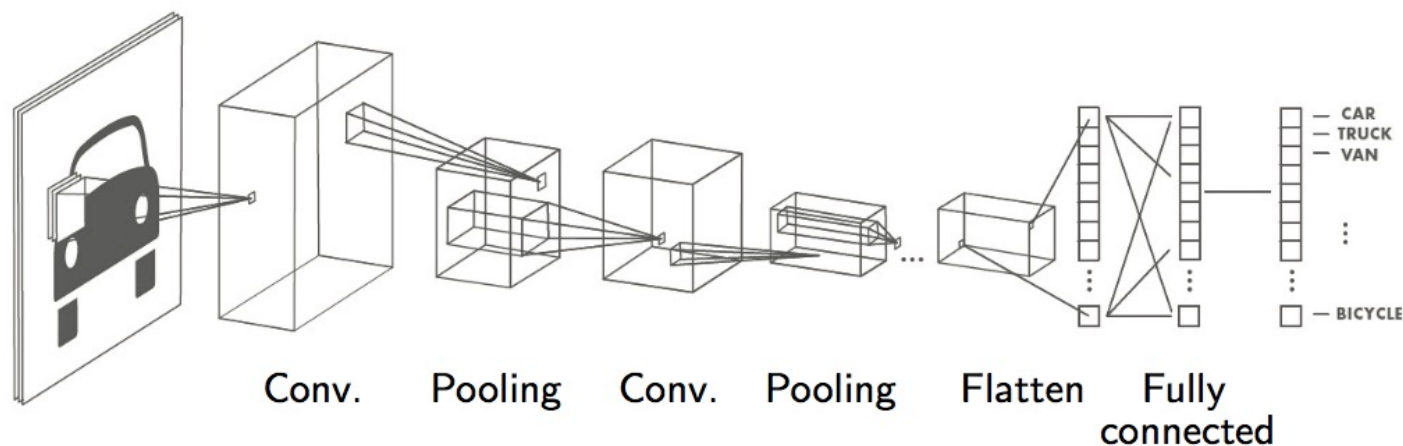
Convolutional layer



Pooling operation



Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)



Conv. layer

$$x_{\ell'}^{(l+1)}(\mathbf{u}) = \xi \left(\sum_{\ell=1}^{d^{(l)}} (w_{\ell'\ell}^{(l+1)} \star x_{\ell}^{(l)})(\mathbf{u}) \right)$$

Activation, e.g. $\xi(x) = \max\{x, 0\}$ rectified linear unit (ReLU)

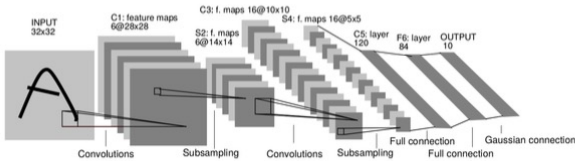
Parameters filters $W^{(1)}, \dots, W^{(L)}$

Pooling $x_{\ell}^{(l+1)}(\mathbf{u}) = \|x_{\ell}^{(l)}(\mathbf{u}') : \mathbf{u}' \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{u})\|_p \quad p = 1, 2, \text{ or } \infty$

M. Bronstein et al, Geometric deep learning on graphs and manifolds, SIAM 2018

Convolutional Neural Networks

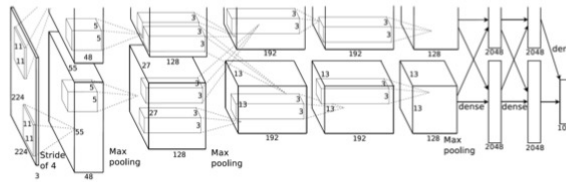
LeNet-5 1989



- 3 convolutional + 1 fully connected layer
- 1M parameters
- Trained on MNIST 70K
- CPU-based
- \tanh non-linearity

LeCun et al. 1998

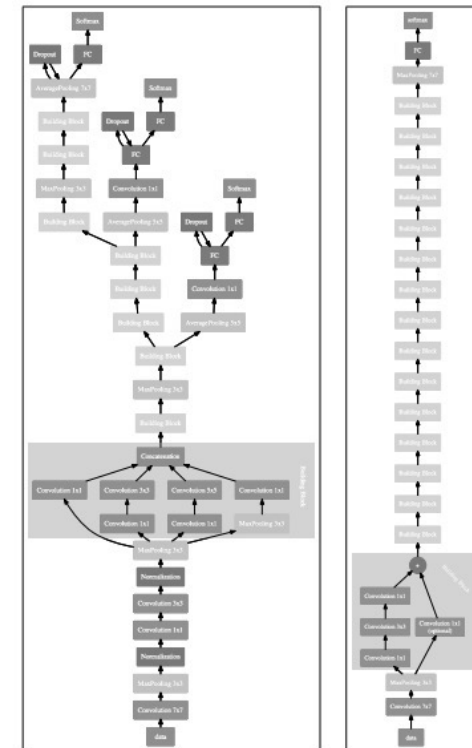
AlexNet 2012



- 5 convolutional + 3 fully connected layers
- 60M parameters
- Trained on ImageNet 1.5M
- GPU-based
- ReLU, Dropout

Krizhevsky, Sutskever, Hinton 2012

2013 - 2017



Inception-V1
5M param.

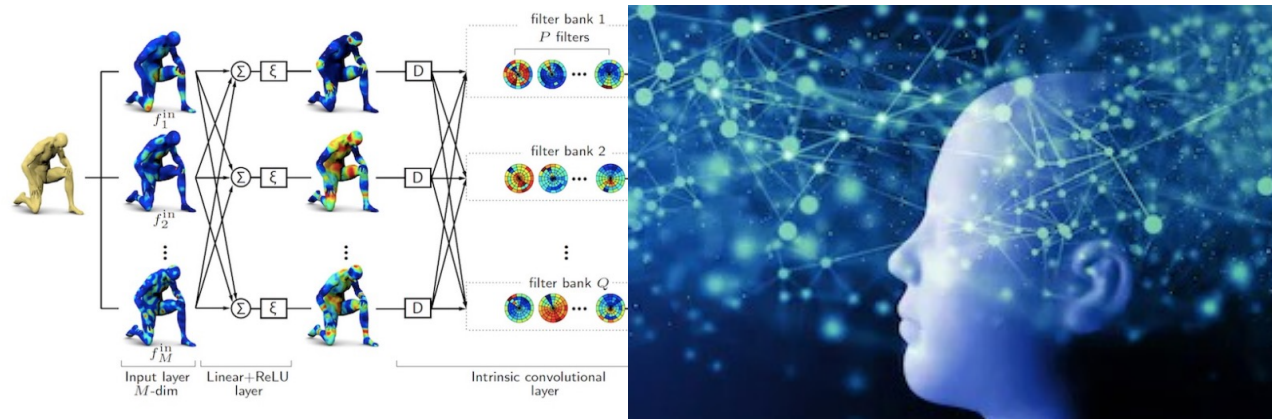
VGG
138M param.

Resnet-50
23M param.

Inception-V3
24M param.

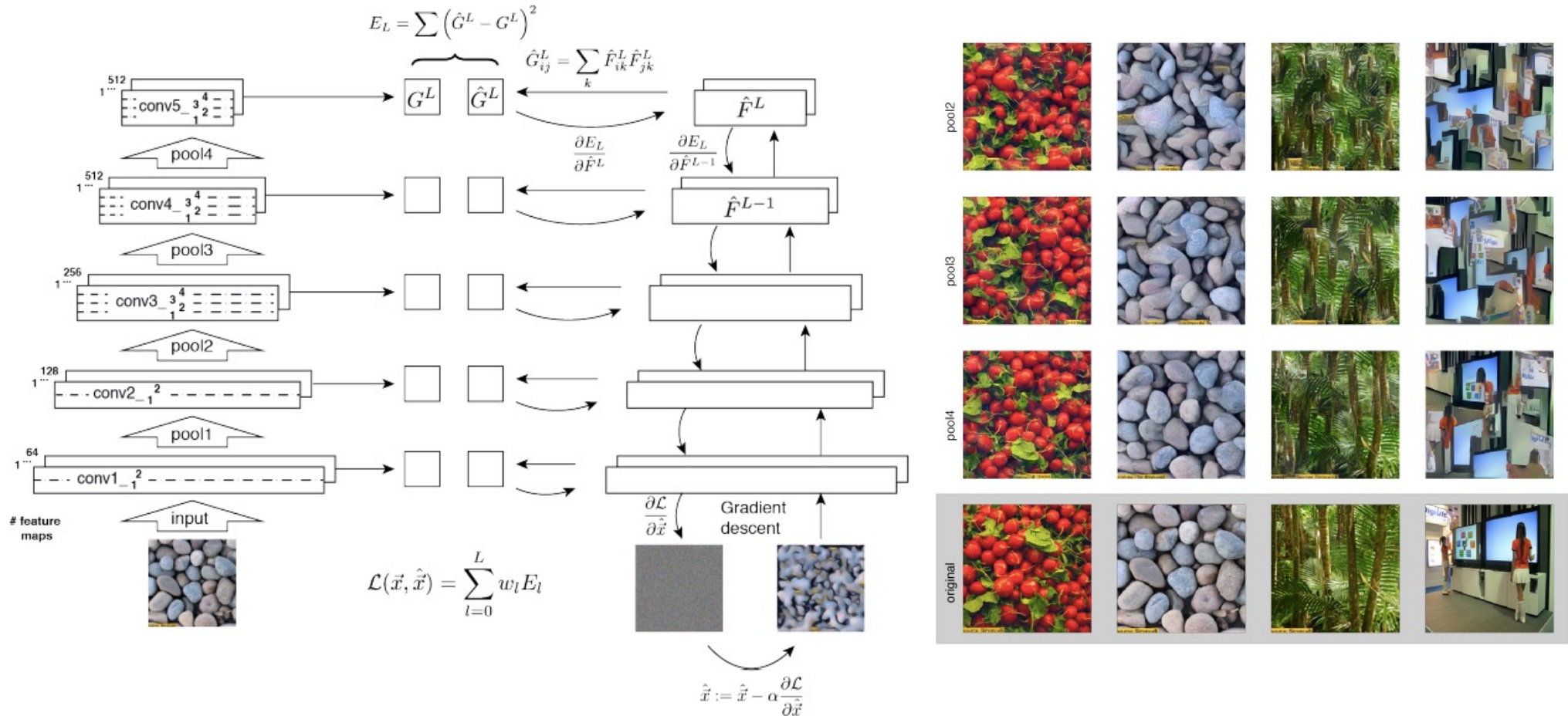
E016712: Computer Graphics

Deep Learning in Computer Graphics (Part 2)



Lecturers: Aleksandra Pizurica and Danilo Babin

Texture synthesis using CNNs



L. Gatys, A.S. Ecker and M. Bethge: Texture Synthesis Using Convolutional Neural Networks, NIPS 2015.

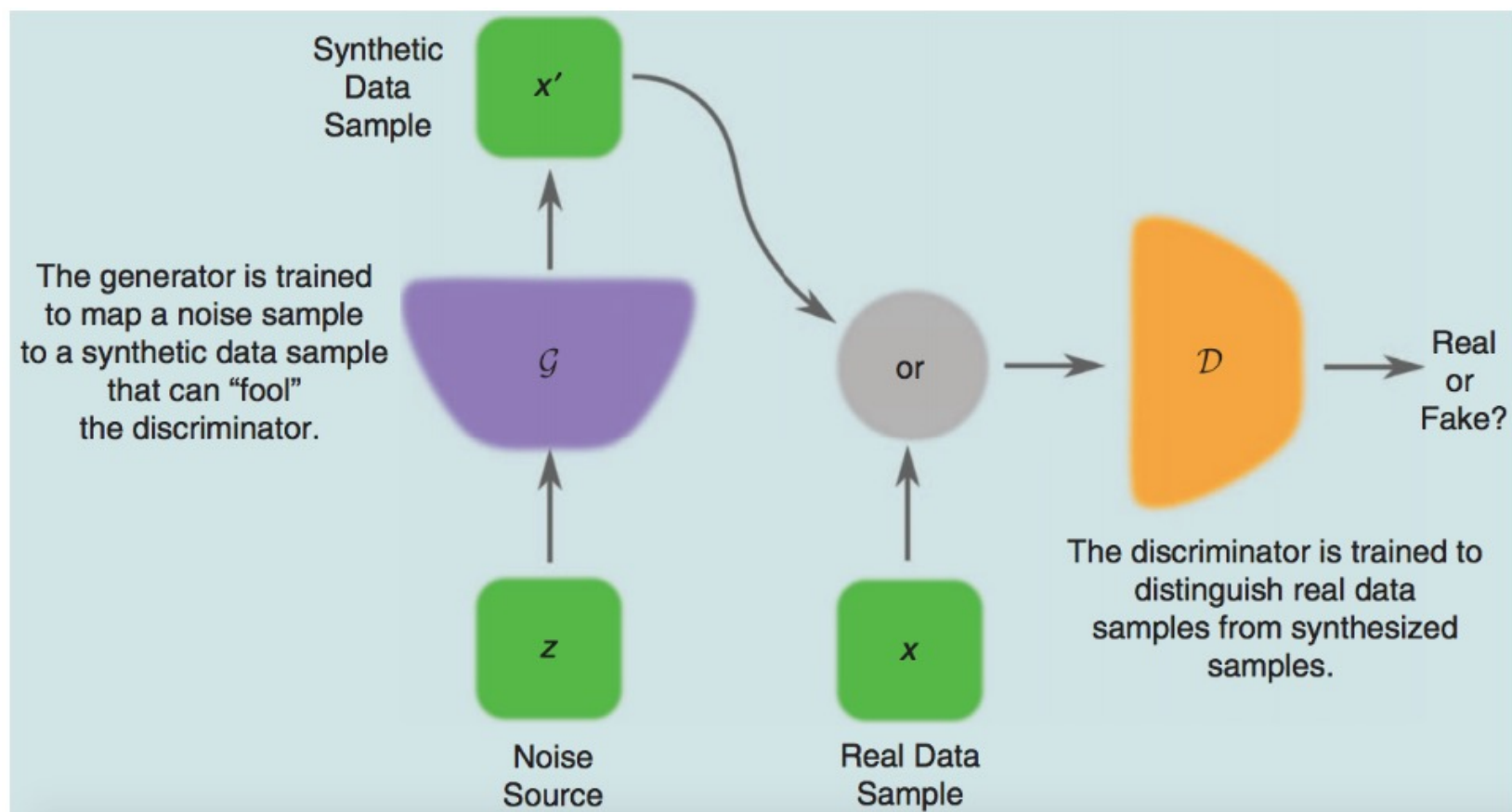
Style transfer using CNNs



L. Gatys, A.S. Ecker and M. Bethge: Image Style Transfer Using Convolutional Neural Networks, CVPR 2016.

Generative Adversarial Networks (GAN)

Goodfellow et al, 2014



A. Creswell. Generative Adversarial Networks. IEEE Signal Processing Magazine, Jan 2018.

StyleGAN for image synthesis



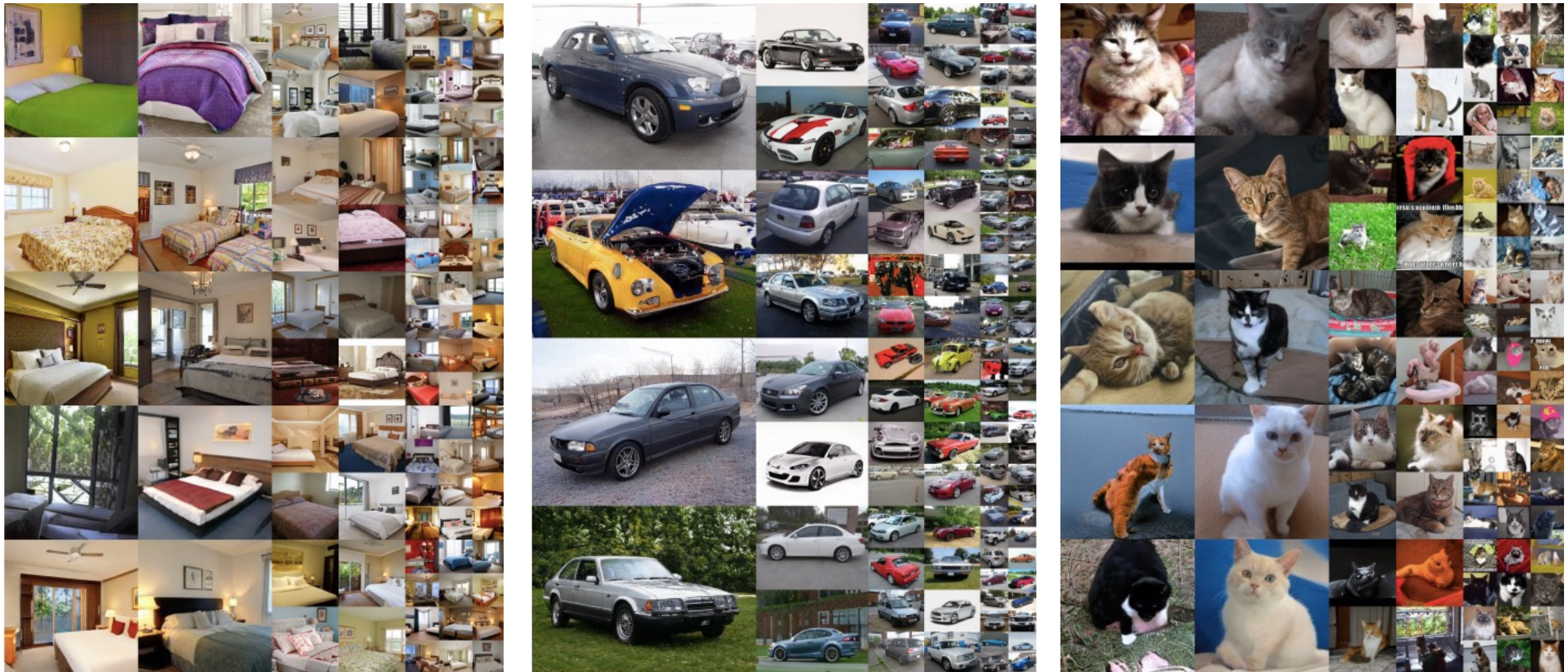
AI-generated images of people who don't exist, from <https://thispersondoesnotexist.com>



Karras et al, 2019

T. Karras, S. Laine and T. Aila (NVIDIA): A Style-Based Generator Architecture for Generative Adversarial Networks (2019)

StyleGAN for image synthesis

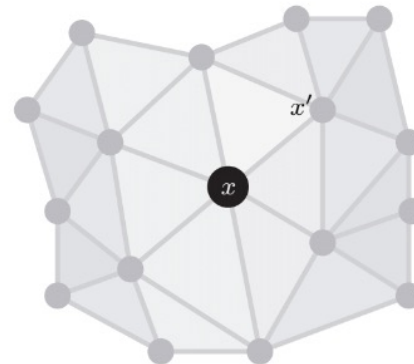
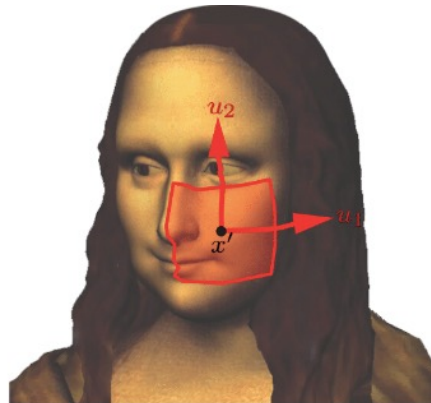
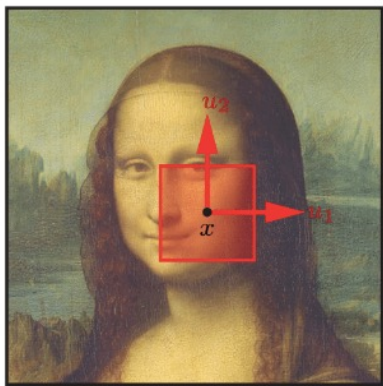


T. Karras, S. Laine and T. Aila (NVIDIA): A Style-Based Generator Architecture for Generative Adversarial Networks (2019)

Extensions to non-Euclidean data

Deep learning research focused so far mainly on Euclidean data
i.e., data on regular grids, such as images

How to extend these approaches to data beyond such regular grids?
E.g., CNNs involve convolutions;
How to define convolution on manifolds or on graphs?



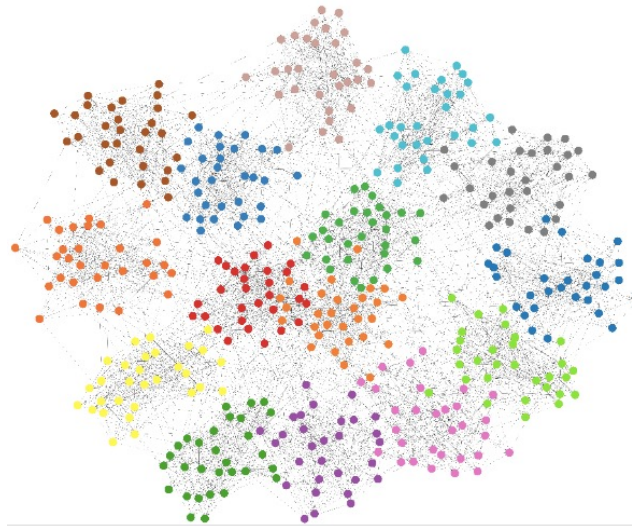
Example from: M. Bronstein et al. Geometric deep learning on graphs and manifolds. SIAM 2018.

Geometric deep learning

Geometric deep learning extends the deep learning framework to graphs and manifolds



Classification of point cloud data

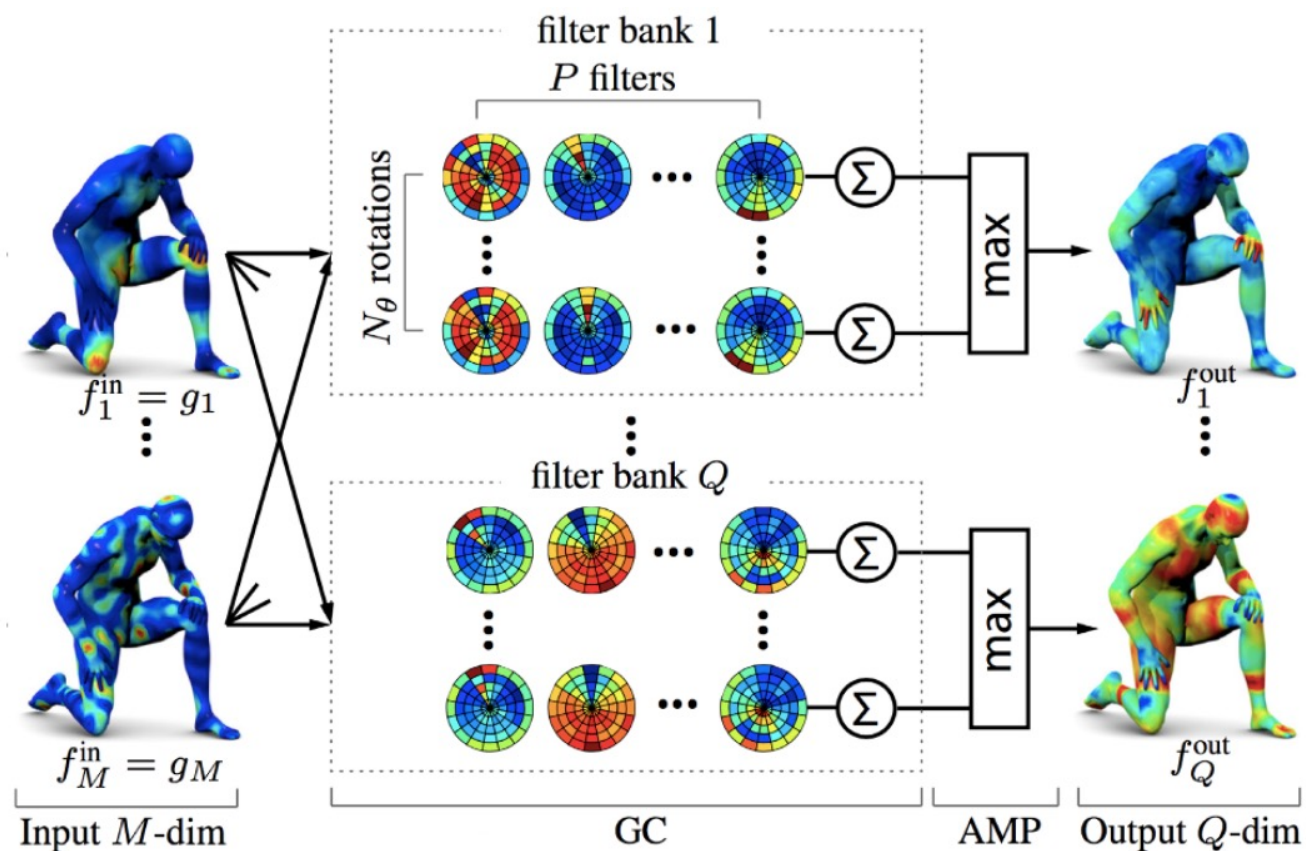


Learning on graphs (like social nets)



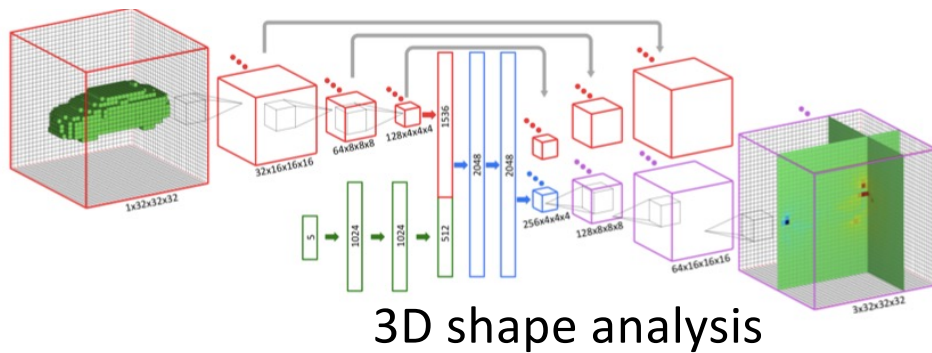
Correspondence learning on manifolds

Geometric deep learning example: Geodesic CNN

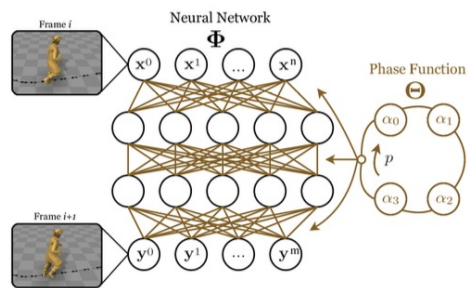


J. Masci et al, Geodesic convolutional neural networks on Riemannian manifolds, ICCV Workshops 2015.

Seminar: Deep learning in computer graphics



3D shape analysis



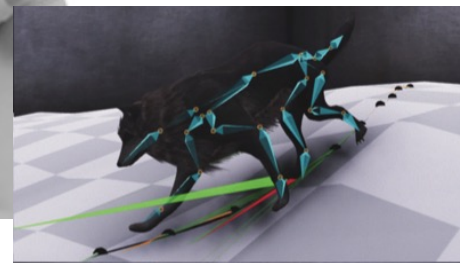
locomotion



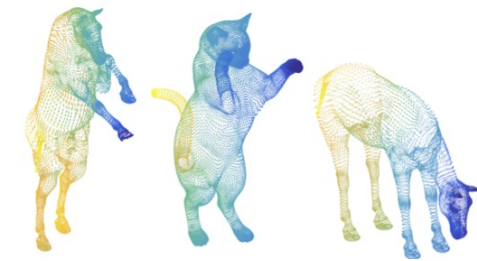
shading



style transfer



motion capture



analysis of point clouds